# GROUP 37

## POWER STEERING

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### WARNINGS REGARDING SERVICING OF SUPPLEMENTAL RESTRAINT SYSTEM (SRS) EQUIPPED VEHICLES

**WARNING**

- Improper service or maintenance of any component of the SRS, or any SRS-related component, can lead to personal injury or death to service personnel (from inadvertent firing of the air bag) or to the driver and passenger (from rendering the SRS inoperative).
- Service or maintenance of any SRS component or SRS-related component must be performed only at an authorized MITSUBISHI dealer.
- MITSUBISHI dealer personnel must thoroughly review this manual, and especially its GROUP 52B - Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) before beginning any service or maintenance of any component of the SRS or any SRS-related component.

**NOTE**

The SRS includes the following components: SRS air bag control unit, SRS warning light, front impact sensors, driver’s and passenger’s (front) air bag modules, knee air bag module, side-airbag module, curtain air bag module, side impact sensors, seat belt pre-tensioners, clock spring, and interconnecting wiring. Other SRS-related components (that may have to be removed/installed in connection with SRS service or maintenance) are indicated in the table of contents by an asterisk (*).
GENERAL INFORMATION

- The steering wheel has three spokes. All vehicles are equipped with SRS (Supplemental Restraint System).
- The steering column has a shock absorbing mechanism and a tilt steering mechanism.
- The steering system uses a vane oil pump with a fluid flow control system, so that steering effort varies with engine speed.

![Diagram of steering system]

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Specification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Power steering gear box</td>
<td>Type: Rack and pinion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Stroke ratio (Rack stroke/Steering wheel maximum turning radius) mm/rev (in/rev): 65.97 (2.59)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil pump</td>
<td>Type: Vane type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Displacement cm³/rev (cu in/rev): 9.0 (0.55)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Relief set pressure MPa (psi): 8.55 (1.197)</td>
</tr>
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</table>
### SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Standard value</th>
<th>Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Steering wheel free play mm (inch)</td>
<td>With engine running</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>With engine stopped</td>
<td>16.5 (0.6) or less</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steering angle</td>
<td>Inside wheel</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Outside wheel (reference value)</td>
<td>28° 10'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toe-in mm (in)</td>
<td></td>
<td>0 ± 2 (0 ± 0.07)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tie rod end ball joint breakaway torque N· m (in-lb)</td>
<td>2.9 (26) or less</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine idle speed r/min</td>
<td></td>
<td>700 ± 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stationary steering effort N (lb) [Fluctuation allowance N (lb)]</td>
<td>32 (7.2) or less [5.9 (1.33) or less]</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil pump pressure MPa (psi)</td>
<td>Oil pump relief pressure</td>
<td>8.1 – 8.8 (1,174 – 1,276)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pressure under no-load conditions</td>
<td>1.0 (144)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Steering gear retention hydraulic pressure</td>
<td>8.1 – 8.8 (1,174 – 1,276)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Steering gear total pinion torque N· m (in-lb) [Change in torque N· m (in-lb)]</td>
<td>0.6 – 2.0 (5.2 – 17.6) [0.4 (3.5) or less]</td>
<td>–</td>
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<tr>
<td>Band crimped width mm (in)</td>
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<td>2.4 – 2.8 (0.09 – 0.11)</td>
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### LUBRICANTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Specified lubricant</th>
<th>Quantity dm³ (qt)</th>
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<tr>
<td>Power steering fluid</td>
<td>Genuine Mitsubishi Power Steering Fluid</td>
<td>1.0 (1.06)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steering gear</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bearing</td>
<td>Genuine Mitsubishi Power Steering Fluid</td>
<td>As required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O-ring and seal ring</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil seal</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special tool (MB991213)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pinion and valve assembly seal ring part</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bellows</td>
<td>Silicon grease</td>
<td>As required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil pump</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friction surface of rotor vane, cam ring and pump cover</td>
<td>Genuine Mitsubishi Power Steering Fluid</td>
<td>As required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O-ring</td>
<td></td>
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### SEALANTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Specified sealant</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Steering gear</td>
<td>Bellows</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3M™ AAD Part No.8663 or equivalent</td>
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POWER STEERING DIAGNOSIS

INTRODUCTION TO POWER STEERING DIAGNOSIS

Hydraulic power steering is used for all vehicles. Faults in the power steering can include excessive play of the steering wheel, difficult steering wheel operation, noise, vibration, and oil leaks, etc. Possible causes of these faults can include defects in the gear box, oil pump or steering linkage.

POWER STEERING DIAGNOSIS TROUBLESHOOTING STRATEGY

Use these steps to plan your diagnostic strategy. If you follow them carefully, you will be sure that you have exhausted most of the possible ways to find a power steering fault.

1. Gather information from the customer.
2. Verify that the condition described by the customer exists.
3. Find the malfunction by following the Symptom Chart.
4. Verify malfunction is eliminated.

SYMPTOM CHART

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symptom</th>
<th>Inspection procedure</th>
<th>Reference page</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Excessive play of steering wheel</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>P.37-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Difficult steering wheel operation (insufficient power assist)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>P.37-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rattling noise</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>P.37-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shrill noise</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>P.37-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Squealing noise</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>P.37-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hissing noise</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>P.37-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Droning noise</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>P.37-9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Squeaking noise</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>P.37-9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vibration</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>P.37-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil leakage from hose connection</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>P.37-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil leakage from hose assembly</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>P.37-11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil leakage from oil reservoir</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>P.37-11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil leakage from oil pump</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>P.37-11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil leakage from steering gear</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>P.37-12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
INSPECTION PROCEDURE 1: Excessive Play of Steering Wheel

DIAGNOSIS

STEP 1. Check for looseness at the steering shaft coupling section and at the steering wheel linkage.

Q: Is there any looseness?
   YES : Repair or replace the part. Then go to Step 3.
   NO : Go to Step 2.

STEP 2. Check the steering wheel free play.
   (1) With the engine running (hydraulic operation), set the front wheels straight ahead.
   (2) Measure the play on the steering wheel circumference before the wheels start to move when slightly moving the steering wheel in both directions.

   Limit: 30 mm (1.2 inch)

   (3) If the free play exceeds the limit value, set the steering wheel straight ahead with the engine stopped. Load approximately 5 N (1.1 pound) towards the steering circumference and check the play.

   Standard value (steering wheel play with engine stopped): 16.5 mm (0.6 inch) or less

Q: Does the play exceed the standard value?
   YES : Remove the steering gear box (Refer to P.37-31) and check the total pinion torque (Refer to P.37-31). Then go to Step 3.
   NO : Go to Step 3.

STEP 3. Check the steering wheel play.
Verify that the steering wheel play is not excessive.

Q: Is the steering wheel play excessive?
   YES : Repeat from Step 1.
   NO : The procedure is complete.
INSPECTION PROCEDURE 2: Difficult Steering Wheel Operation (Insufficient Power Assist)

DIAGNOSIS

STEP 1. Check the power steering oil pump drive belt tension.
Refer to GROUP 00, Maintenance Service – Drive Belts P.00-66.

Q: Is the power steering oil pump drive belt tension within the standard value?
   YES : Go to Step 2.
   NO : Adjust the tension (Refer to GROUP 00, Maintenance Service – Drive Belts P.00-66). Then go to Step 10.

STEP 2. Check the drive belt for damage.

Q: Is the drive belt damaged?
   YES : Replace the drive belt. Then go to Step 10.
   NO : Go to Step 3.

STEP 3. Check the fluid level.
(1) Park the vehicle on a flat, level surface, and then start the engine.
(2) Turn the steering wheel several times to raise the temperature of the fluid to approximately 50 – 60°C (122 – 140°F).
(3) With the engine running, turn the wheel all the way to the left and right several times.
(4) Check the fluid in the oil reservoir for foaming or milkiness. Check the difference of the fluid level when the engine is stopped, and while it is running. If the change of the fluid level is 5 mm (0.2 inch) or more, bleed the air from the system (Refer to P.37-19).

Q: Is the fluid foamy?
   YES : Go to Step 4.
   NO : Go to Step 10.

STEP 4. Check for entry of air.

Q: Has air entered?
   YES : Bleed the air (Refer to P.37-19). Then go to Step 10.
   NO : Go to Step 5.

STEP 5. Check each hose for crushing or twisting.

Q: Is any hose crushed or twisted?
   YES : Repair or replace the hose. Then go to Step 10.
   NO : Go to Step 6.
STEP 6. Check for oil leaks.
Q: Are there oil leaks?
   YES : Repair it. Then go to Step 10.
   NO : Go to Step 7.

STEP 7. Check the wheel alignment (camber and caster).
Refer to GROUP 33, On-vehicle Service –Front Wheel Alignment Check and Adjustment P.33-7.
Q: Is the alignment incorrect?
   YES : Repair it. Then go to Step 10.
   NO : Go to Step 8.

STEP 8. Check the gear box rack piston seal for damage.
Q: Is there damage?
   YES : Replace it. Then go to Step 10.
   NO : Go to Step 9.

STEP 9. Check for excessive tie rod end ball joint breakaway torque.
Refer to P.37-15.
Q: Is there fault?
   YES : Replace the part. Then go to Step 10.
   NO : Go to Step 10.

STEP 10. Check the steering wheel operation.
Verify that the steering wheel operation is not difficult.
Q: Is the steering wheel operation difficult?
   YES : Repeat from Step 1.
   NO : The procedure is complete.

INSPECTION PROCEDURE 3: Rattling Noise

DIAGNOSIS

STEP 1. Check for proper oil pump and steering gear installation.
Q: Is the oil pump and the steering gear installation correct?
   YES : Go to Step 2.
   NO : Repair it. Then go to Step 4.

STEP 2. Check for interference of other parts with the steering column and the power steering hoses.
Q: Is there interference?
   YES : Correct the interference. Then go to Step 4.
   NO : Go to Step 3.

STEP 3. Check for noise from inside the oil pump or the steering gear.
Q: Is there noise?
   YES : Replace the part. Then go to Step 4.
   NO : Go to Step 4.

STEP 4. Check for rattling noise.
Confirm that no noise is generated.
Q: Is there noise?
   YES : Repeat from Step 1.
   NO : The procedure is complete.
INSPECTION PROCEDURE 4: Shrill Noise

DIAGNOSIS

STEP 1. Check for entry of air.
Q: Is the power steering fluid foamy?
  YES : Bleed the air (Refer to P.37-19). Then go to Step 3.
  NO : Go to Step 2.

STEP 2. Check for seizure in the oil pump.
Q: Is there seizure?
  YES : Replace the part. Then go to Step 3.
  NO : Go to Step 3.

STEP 3. Retest the system.
Confirm that no noise is generated.
Q: Is there noise?
  YES : Repeat from Step 1.
  NO : The procedure is complete.

INSPECTION PROCEDURE 5: Squealing Noise

DIAGNOSIS

STEP 1. Check the drive belt tension.
Refer to GROUP 00, Maintenance Service – Drive Belts P.00-66.
Q: Is the drive belt tension incorrect?
  YES : Adjust the belt tension (Refer to GROUP 00, Maintenance Service – Drive Belts P.00-66). Then go to Step 3.
  NO : Go to Step 2.

STEP 2. Check for seizure in the oil pump.
Q: Is there seizure?
  YES : Replace the part. Then go to Step 3.
  NO : Go to Step 3.

STEP 3. Retest the system.
Confirm that no noise is generated.
Q: Is there noise?
  YES : Repeat from Step 1.
  NO : The procedure is complete.

INSPECTION PROCEDURE 6: Hissing Noise

DIAGNOSIS

STEP 1. Check for entry of air.
Q: Is the power steering fluid foamy?
  YES : Bleed the air (Refer to P.37-19). Then go to Step 4.
  NO : Go to Step 2.

STEP 2. Check each hose for crushing or twisting.
Q: Is any hose crushed or twisted?
  YES : Repair or replace the hose. Then go to Step 4.
  NO : Go to Step 3.

STEP 3. Check the steering gear for damage.
Q: Is there damage?
  YES : Repair or replace the part. Then go to Step 4.
  NO : Go to Step 4.

STEP 4. Retest the system.
Confirm that no noise is generated.
Q: Is there noise?
  YES : Repeat from Step 1.
  NO : The procedure is complete.
INSPECTION PROCEDURE 7: Droning Noise

DIAGNOSIS

STEP 1. Check the oil pump or oil pump bracket installation.
Q: Is the oil pump or the oil pump bracket installation correct?
   YES : Go to Step 2.
   NO : Repair it. Then go to Step 3.

STEP 2. Check the oil pump for damage.
NOTE: If a slight "beat noise" is produced by the oil pump when the steering wheel is turned fully and held in that position, this is not a malfunction.

Q: Is there damage?
   YES : Replace the oil pump. Then go to Step 3.
   NO : Go to Step 3.

STEP 3. Retest the system.
Confirm that no noise is generated.
Q: Is there noise?
   YES : Repeat from Step 1.
   NO : The procedure is complete.

INSPECTION PROCEDURE 8: Squeaking Noise

DIAGNOSIS

STEP 1. Check for interference of the wheel and the vehicle body.
If interfering, adjust the steering angle.
   (1) Place the front wheel on a turning radius gauge and measure the steering angle.

   Item value:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Specification</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inside wheel</td>
<td>33° 10′ ± 1° 30′</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outside wheel (reference value)</td>
<td>28° 10′</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   (2) If the steering angle is not within the standard value, adjust the toe-in.

   Standard value: 0 ± 2 mm (0 ± 0.07 inch)

   (3) Adjust the toe-in by undoing the clip and jam nut, and turning the left and right tie rod turnbuckles by the same amount (in opposite directions).

   NOTE: The toe will move out as the left turnbuckle is turned toward the front of the vehicle and the right turnbuckle is turned toward the rear of the vehicle.

   Q: Is the steering angle normal?
   YES : Go to Step 2.
   NO : Adjust the steering angle. Then go to Step 3.
POWER STEERING DIAGNOSIS

INSPECTION PROCEDURE 9: Vibration

NOTE: A slight vibration may be felt when the stationary steering effort is made due to the condition of the road surface. To check whether the vibration actually exists or not, test-drive the vehicle on a dry concrete or asphalt surface. A very slight amount of vibration is not a malfunction.

DIAGNOSIS

STEP 1. Check for entry of air.
Q: Is the power steering fluid foamy?
   YES : Bleed the air (Refer to P.37-19). Then go to Step 3.
   NO : Go to Step 2.

STEP 2. Check the steering gear for damage.
Q: Is there damage?
   YES : Repair or replace the part. Then go to Step 3.
   NO : Go to Step 3.

STEP 3. Retest the system.
Confirm that no noise is generated.
Q: Is there noise?
   YES : Repeat from Step 1.
   NO : The procedure is complete.

INSPECTION PROCEDURE 10: Oil Leakage from Hose Connection

DIAGNOSIS

STEP 1. Check for loosening of the return tube flare nut.
Q: Is the flare nut loose?
   YES : Tighten it to 15 ± 3 N·m (11 ± 2 ft-lb). Then go to Step 3.
   NO : Go to Step 2.

STEP 2. Check the hose connection and the clamp installation.
Q: Are they correct?
   YES : Go to Step 3.
   NO : Repair or replace the part. Then go to Step 3.

STEP 3. Retest the system.
Check that no oil is leaking.
Q: Is there oil leakage?
   YES : Repeat from Step 1.
   NO : The procedure is complete.
INSPECTION PROCEDURE 11: Oil Leakage from Hose Assembly

DIAGNOSIS

STEP 1. Check the hose for damage or clogging.
Q: Is the hose damaged or clogged?
   YES : Repair or replace it. Then go to Step 2.
   NO : Go to Step 2.

STEP 2. Retest the system.
Check that no oil is leaking.
Q: Is there oil leakage?
   YES : Repeat from Step 1.
   NO : The procedure is complete.

INSPECTION PROCEDURE 12: Oil Leakage from Oil Reservoir

DIAGNOSIS

STEP 1. Check the oil reservoir for damage.
Q: Is there damage?
   YES : Repair or replace it. Then go to Step 3.
   NO : Go to Step 2.

STEP 2. Check for overflowing.
Q: Is there oil overflowing from the reservoir?
   YES : Adjust fluid level. Then go to Step 3.
   NO : Go to Step 3.

STEP 3. Retest the system.
Q: Is there oil leakage?
   YES : Repeat from Step 1.
   NO : The procedure is complete.

INSPECTION PROCEDURE 13: Oil Leakage from Oil Pump

DIAGNOSIS

STEP 1. Check the oil pump body for damage.
Q: Is there damage?
   YES : Replace the part. Then go to Step 3.
   NO : Go to Step 2.

STEP 2. Check the O-ring or oil seal for damage.
Q: Is there damage?
   YES : Replace the part. Then go to Step 3.
   NO : Go to Step 3.

STEP 3. Retest the system.
Check that no oil is leaking.
Q: Is there oil leakage?
   YES : Repeat from Step 1.
   NO : The procedure is complete.
INSPECTION PROCEDURE 14: Oil Leakage from Steering Gear

DIAGNOSIS

STEP 1. Check the steering gear housing for damage.

Q: Is there damage?
   YES : Replace the part. Then go to Step 3.
   NO : Go to Step 2.

STEP 2. Check the oil-ring or oil seal for damage.

Q: Is there damage?
   YES : Replace the part. Then go to Step 3.
   NO : Go to Step 3.

STEP 3. Retest the system.

Check that no oil is leaking.

Q: Is there oil leakage?
   YES : Repeat from Step 1.
   NO : The procedure is complete.

SPECIAL TOOLS

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Tool</th>
<th>Tool number and name</th>
<th>Supersession</th>
<th>Application</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MB991897 or MB992011 Ball joint remover</td>
<td>MB991113-01, MB990635-01 or General service tool</td>
<td>Knuckle and tie rod end ball joint disconnection&lt;br&gt;Note: Steering linkage puller (MB990635 or MB991113) is also available to disconnect knuckle and tie rod end ball joint.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MB990326 Preload socket</td>
<td>General service tool</td>
<td>Tie rod end ball joint breakaway torque check</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MB991548 Power steering oil pressure gauge adapter (Pump side)</td>
<td>MB991548-01</td>
<td>Oil pump pressure test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MB991549 Power steering oil pressure gauge adapter (Hose side)</td>
<td>MB991549-01</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MB990662 Power steering oil pressure gauge</td>
<td>MB990662-01</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tool</td>
<td>Tool number and name</td>
<td>Supersession</td>
<td>Application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------</td>
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<td>--------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ornament remover</td>
<td>MB990784</td>
<td>General service tool</td>
<td>Cover removal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steering wheel puller</td>
<td>MB990803</td>
<td>General service tool</td>
<td>Steering wheel removal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preload socket</td>
<td>MB990228 or MB991006</td>
<td>MB990228-01</td>
<td>Steering gear total pinion torque check</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Bearing and oil seal installer set | MB990925                                  | MB990925-01 or general service tool | • Oil seal and bearing installation  
• MB990927, MB990938, MB990939  
(For details, refer to GROUP 26 – Special Tools P.26-6). |
| Oil seal and bearing installer | MB991203                                  | Tool not available         | Oil seal and bearing installation                |
| Bellows band crimping tool | MB992209                                  | MB992209                   | Bellows band installation                        |
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STEERING WHEEL FREE PLAY CHECK

1. With the engine running (hydraulic pressure applied), position the front wheel in the straight ahead position.
2. Measure the side to side steering wheel play until the front wheels actually start moving while turning the steering wheel slightly in the left and right directions.
   
   **Limit:** 30 mm (1.2 inch)

3. If the steering wheel play exceeds the limit value, check the steering shaft joint or steering linkage for looseness, and replace or repair the faulty components if necessary.
4. If the steering wheel play still exceeds the limit value after Step 3 is performed, position the steering wheel in the straight ahead position, and then apply the force (approximately 5 N) in the circumferential direction.
   
   **Standard value (steering wheel play with the engine stopped):** 16.5 mm (0.6 inch) or less

5. If the steering wheel play is outside the standard value after Step 4 is performed, remove the steering gear and linkage, and check and adjust the pinion total rotation torque. (Refer to P.37-31.)

STEERING ANGLE CHECK

**CAUTION**

After adjusting the steering angle, perform calibration to make the ASC-ECU learn the neutral position of the steering wheel sensor. (Refer to GROUP 35C – On-vehicle Service, Steering Wheel Sensor Calibration P.35C-267.)

1. Check that the wheel alignment is normal. (Refer to GROUP 33 – On-vehicle Service, Wheel Alignment Check and Adjustment (Refer to P.33-7.)
2. Place the front wheel onto the turning radius gauge, and measure the steering angle.

**Standard value:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Specifications</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inside wheel</td>
<td>$33^\circ 10' \pm 1^\circ 30'$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outside wheel (reference value)</td>
<td>$28^\circ 10'$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. If the measured value is not within the standard value, adjust the tie-rod ends (right and left), and repeat Steps 1 and 2.
4. If the measured value is not within the standard value after performing Step 3, replace the steering gear and linkage assembly. (Refer to P.37-31.)

TIE ROD END BALL JOINT DUST COVER CHECK

1. Using your fingers, press the dust cover to check for cracks or damage.
2. If there are any cracks in the dust cover or it is damaged, replace the tie-rod end (Refer to P.37-36).
   NOTE: If the dust cover has a crack or damage, the ball joint could be damaged.

TIE ROD END BALL JOINT BREAKAWAY TORQUE CHECK

Required Special Tools:
• MB990326: Preload Socket
• MB991897 or MB992011: Ball Joint Remover

CAUTION
• Loosen the self-locking nut (tie-rod end connection) from the ball joint, but do not remove here. Use the special tool.
• To prevent the special tool from dropping off, suspend it with a rope.
1. Install special tool MB991897 or MB992011 as shown in the figure.
2. Turn the bolt and knob to make the special tool jaws parallel, then hand-tighten the bolt. After tightening, check that the jaws are still parallel.

NOTE: To adjust the special tool jaws to be parallel, set the orientation of the knob as shown in the figure.

3. Unscrew the bolt to disconnect the ball joint.

4. Move the ball joint stud several times and install the nut on the stud. Using the special tool MB990326, measure the ball joint breakaway torque.

   Standard value: 2.9 N·m (26 in-lb) or less

5. If the breakaway torque exceeds the standard value, replace the tie rod end.

6. If the breakaway torque is under the standard value, check the ball joint for end play or ratcheting. If no end play or ratcheting, the ball joint can be re-used.

   CAUTION

Always use a new ball joint nut as it is a self-locking nut.

7. Install the tie rod end to the knuckle, then tighten a new self-locking nut to the specified torque.

   Tightening torque: 40 ± 8 N·m (30 ± 5 ft-lb)

STATIONARY STEERING EFFORT CHECK

1. Park the vehicle on a level paved road, position the steering wheel in the straight ahead position.

2. Start the engine, and maintain the engine speed at 1000 ± 100 r/min.

3. Position the spring scale on the circumference of the steering wheel, and measure the steering force at the time when the steering wheel is turned to right or left side (within the range of one and a half turns) from the center position.

   Standard value:
   Steering force: 32 N (7.2 lb) or less
   Fluctuation band: 5.9 N (1.33 lb) or less

4. If not within the standard value, check and adjust the suspected components.
STEERING WHEEL RETURN TO CENTER CHECK

Conduct a road test:
1. Make both gradual and sudden turns and check the steering wheel return.
2. At a vehicle speed of approximately 35 km/h (22 mph), turn the steering wheel 90 degrees, hold a few seconds, then release. If the steering wheel then returns 70 degrees or more, the return can be judged satisfactory.

NOTE: There will be a momentary feeling or "heaviness" when the wheel is turned quickly, but this is not abnormal (Oil pump discharge amount is especially apt to be insufficient during idling).

DRIVE BELT TENSION CHECK AND ADJUSTMENT

Refer to GROUP 11A – Engine Adjustment, and Drive Belt Tension Check and Adjustment P.11A-8.)

FLUID LEVEL CHECK

1. Park the vehicle on a flat, level surface.
2. Start the engine, and then turn the steering wheel several times to raise the temperature of the fluid to approximately 50 –60° C (122 –140° F).
3. With the engine running, turn the wheel all the way to the left and right several times.
4. Check the fluid in the oil reservoir for foaming or milkiness. Check the difference of the fluid level when the engine is stopped, and while it is running. If the change of the fluid level is 5 mm (0.2 inch) or more, air bleeding should be done (Refer to P.37-19).
FLUID REPLACEMENT

1. Raise and support the front wheels.
2. Disconnect the return hose connection, and then connect a vinyl hose to the return hose, and drain the fluid into a container.

3. Disconnect the crank angle sensor connector.
4. While operating the starter motor intermittently, turn the steering wheel all the way to the left and right several times to drain all of the fluid.
5. Connect the return hose securely, and then secure with the clip.
6. Fill the oil reservoir with GENUINE MITSUBISHI POWER STEERING FLUID to the lower position of the filler, and then bleed the air (Refer to P.37-19).
7. Install the crankshaft position sensor.
8. Use the scan tool MB991958, check if the DTC is set. If it is set, erase it.
POWER STEERING SYSTEM AIR BLEEDING

Perform air bleeding procedure as necessary after replacing the steering gear or the steering fluid lines.

1. Raise and support the front wheels.
2. Disconnect the crank angle sensor connector.

**CAUTION**

Perform air bleeding only while cranking the engine. If air bleeding is performed while the engine is running, air could enter the fluid. During air bleeding, refill the steering fluid supply so that the level never falls below the lower mark on the dipstick.

3. Turn the steering wheel all the way to the left and right five or six times while using the starter motor to crank the engine intermittently several times (for 15 to 20 seconds).
4. Connect the crank angle sensor connector.
5. Start the engine (idling).
6. Turn the steering wheel to the left and right until there are no air bubbles in the oil reservoir.
7. Confirm that the fluid is not milky, and that the level is between the high and low dipstick marks.
8. Confirm that there is very little change in the fluid level when the steering wheel is turned left and right.

**CAUTION**

If the fluid level rises suddenly after the engine is stopped, the air has not been completely bled. If air bleeding is not complete, there will be abnormal noises from the pump and the flow-control valve, and this condition could cause reduce the life of the power steering components.

9. Confirm that the change in the fluid level is no more than 5 mm (0.2 inch) when the engine is stopped and when it is running.
10. If the change of the fluid level is 5 mm (0.2 inch) or more, the air has not been completely bled from the system. The air bleeding procedure must be repeated.
11. Use the scan tool MB991958, check if the DTC is set. If it is set, erase it.

**OIL PUMP PRESSURE TEST**

**Required Special Tools:**
- MB990662: Power Steering Oil Pressure Gauge
- MB991548: Power Steering Oil Pressure Gauge Adapter (Pump Side)
- MB991549: Power Steering Oil Pressure Gauge Adapter (Hose Side)

1. Disconnect the pressure hose from the oil pump, and then connect the special tools MB991548, MB990662 and MB991549.

2. Bleed air, then turn the steering wheel several times while the vehicle is not moving so that the temperature of the fluid rises to approximately 50 – 60°C (122 – 140°F).

3. Start the engine and idle it at 1000 ± 100 r/min.

**CAUTION**
The pressure gauge shut-off valve must not remain closed for more than 10 seconds.

4. Fully close the shut-off valve of the pressure gauge and measure the oil pump relief pressure to confirm that it is within the standard value range. Open it again immediately after checking the pressure.

   **Standard value:** 8.1 – 8.8 MPa (1,174 – 1,276 psi)

5. If it is not within the standard value, replace the oil pump.

6. Check whether or not the hydraulic pressure is the standard value when no-load conditions are created by fully opening the shut-off valve of the pressure gauge.

   **Standard value:** 1.0 MPa (144 psi)
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POWER STEERING

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7. If it is not within the standard value, the probable cause is a malfunction of the oil line or steering gear, so check these parts and repair as necessary.

8. Turn the steering wheel all the way to the left or right; then check whether or not the retention hydraulic pressure is the standard value.

   Standard value: 8.1 – 8.8 MPa (1,174 – 1,276 psi)

9. If not the standard value, overhaul the steering gear. Remeasure fluid pressure.

10. Remove the special tools MB991548, MB990662 and MB991549, and then tighten the pressure hose to the specified torque.

   Tightening torque: 57 ± 7 N·m (42 ± 5 ft-lb)

11. Bleed the system (Refer to P.37-19).

POWER STEERING PRESSURE SWITCH CHECK

Required Special Tools:
- MB990662: Power Steering Oil Pressure Gauge
- MB991548: Power Steering Oil Pressure Gauge Adapter (Pump Side)
- MB991549: Power Steering Oil Pressure Gauge Adapter (Hose Side)

1. Disconnect the pressure hose from the oil pump, and then connect the special tools MB991548, MB990662 and MB991549.

2. Bleed air, and then turn the steering wheel several times while the vehicle is not moving so that the temperature of the fluid rises to approximately 50° C – 60° C (122° F – 140° F).

3. The engine should be idling.

4. Disconnect the connector for the oil pressure switch, and place an ohmmeter at the switch.

5. Gradually close the shut-off valve of the pressure gauge and increase the hydraulic pressure, then check whether or not the hydraulic pressure that activates the switch is the standard value.

   Standard value: 8.1 – 8.8 MPa (1,174 – 1,276 psi)

6. Gradually open the shut-off valve and reduce the hydraulic pressure; then check whether or not the hydraulic pressure that deactivates the switch is the standard value.

   Standard value: 8.1 – 8.8 MPa (1,174 – 1,276 psi)

7. Remove special tools MB991548, MB990662 and MB991549, connect the pressure hose to the oil pump, and then tighten the eye bolt to the specified torque.

   Tightening torque: 57 ± 7 N·m (42 ± 5 ft-lb)

8. Bleed the system. (Refer to P.37-19).
STEERING WHEEL

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

CAUTION

• Before removing the steering wheel assembly and driver’s air bag module, always refer to GROUP 52B –Service Precautions P.52B-25 and Air bag Module and Clock Spring P.52B-386.

• After removing the steering wheel, always perform a calibration for the ASC-ECU to learn the steering wheel sensor neutral point. (Refer to GROUP 35C –On-vehicle Service, Steering Wheel Sensor Calibration P.35C-267.)

Pre-removal Operation
Steering wheel at straight-ahead position check

Post-installation Operation
• Steering wheel at straight-ahead position check
• Steering wheel looseness check

AC708304 AB

Removal steps
<<A>>
1. Cover
2. Horn connector connection
3. Steering switch connector connection

<<B>>
4. Driver’s air bag module connector connection
5. Steering wheel voice control switch cover <Vehicles with steering wheel voice control switch>

<<C>>
6. Steering wheel voice control switch connector connection <Vehicles with steering wheel voice control switch>
7. Steering wheel voice control switch <Vehicles with steering wheel voice control switch>

<<A>>
8. Driver’s air bag module
9. Flunge nut
10. Lower cover
Removal steps (Continued)
11. Garnish
12. Cruise control switch connector connection
13. Cruise control switch
14. AWC switch connector connection <Except with steering wheel audio remote control switch>
15. AWC switch <Except with steering wheel audio remote control switch>
16. Steering wheel audio remote control switch connector connection <Vehicles with steering wheel audio remote control switch>

Removal steps (Continued)
17. Steering wheel audio remote control switch <Vehicles with steering wheel audio remote control switch>
18. Steering wheel assembly

Required Special Tools:
- MB990784: Ornament Remover
- MB990803: Steering wheel puller

REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

<<A>> COVER REMOVAL
Insert the special tool MB990784 at the indicated position to remove the cover.

NOTE: The special tool MB990784 can be inserted through the notch behind the area shown.
<<B>> AIR BAG MODULE CONNECTOR CONNECTION REMOVAL
Slide the outer housing of the driver’s air bag module connector in the arrow direction shown and disconnect the connector.

<<C>> DRIVER’S AIR BAG MODULE REMOVAL

**CAUTION**
- Never use an electric tester to diagnose the air bag module circuit. Never attempt to disassemble the air bag module.
- Store the removed air bag module in a clean, dry place with the pad surface facing upward.
- When discarding the air bag module, deploy the air bag as specified in the service procedure. (Refer to GROUP 52B – Air bag Module Disposal Procedure P.52B-417.)
- With the driver’s air bag module mounting torx screw, loosen the screw, but do not remove it. Using the torx wrench (T30), remove the driver’s air bag module.
<<D>> STEERING WHEEL ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

1. Position the steering wheel in a straight ahead position.

**CAUTION**
- Use the special tool to remove the steering wheel since the steering column collision adsorbing mechanism may be damaged.

2. Use special tool MB990803 to remove the steering wheel.

INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

>>A<< STEERING WHEEL ASSEMBLY INSTALLATION

After centering the clock spring (Refer to 52B − Air bag module clock spring), install the steering wheel assembly.

>>B<< AIR BAG MODULE CONNECTOR CONNECTION/AUDIO CONTROL SWITCH CONNECTOR CONNECTION/HORN CONNECTOR CONNECTION INSTALLATION

Connect the connector securely and route the harnesses not to lie off the cover hole.
**CAUTION**

- Before removing the steering wheel assembly and driver’s air bag module/knee air bag module, always refer to GROUP 52B – Service Precautions P.52B-25 and Air bag Module and Clock Spring P.52B-386 or Knee Air bag Module P.52B-398.
- After installation, perform a calibration for the ASC-ECU to learn the steering wheel sensor neutral point. (Refer to GROUP 35C – On-vehicle Service, Steering Wheel Sensor Calibration P.35C-267.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pre-removal Operation</th>
<th>Post-installation Operation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Steering wheel at straight-ahead position check</td>
<td>Instrument panel cover lower installation (Refer to GROUP 52A – Instrument Lower Panel P.52A-8.) &lt;MR&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steering wheel assembly removal (Refer to P.37-22.)</td>
<td>Steering wheel assembly installation (Refer to P.37-22.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument panel cover lower removal (Refer to GROUP 52A – Instrument Lower Panel P.52A-8.) &lt;MR&gt;</td>
<td>Steering wheel straight-ahead position check</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Knee air bag module removal (Refer to GROUP 52B – Driver’s Knee Air Bag Module P.52B-398.) | Section A-A<br>Claw<br>5 3<br><br>Section B-B<br>Claw<br>5 3<br><br>Section C-C<br>Claw<br>5 3<br><br>Note: claw position is symmetrical

Removal steps

1. Knob cap <Vehicles with KOS>
2. Ignition key cover
3. Steering column lower cover
4. Steering column protector

Removal steps (Continued)

- Receiver antenna module removal (Refer to GROUP 42B – Exterior Transmitter Antenna Assembly, Interior Transmitter Antenna Assembly, Receiver Antenna Module P.42B-279.) <Vehicles with KOS>
Removal steps (Continued)

- WCM removal (Refer to GROUP 42C –WCM P.42C-128.) <Vehicles with WCM>

5. Steering column upper cover
6. Paddle shift assembly  
   <Vehicles with paddle shift>
7. Column switch assembly
8. Key interlock cable (Refer to GROUP 22C –Key interlock and shiftlock mechanisms P.22C-337).

<<B>>

9. Steering shaft cover
10. Steering column bolt (steering column shaft assembly and steering gear and linkage connection)

<<C>>

11. Steering column shaft assembly

REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

<<A>> KNOB CAP REMOVAL
Remove the knob cap while pressing the two projections.

<<B>> STEERING SHAFT COVER REMOVAL
1. Remove the clip (for securing the floor carpet), and turn back the floor carpet.
2. Remove the clip (for securing the steering shaft cover), and then remove the steering shaft cover.
<<C>> STEERING COLUMN SHAFT ASSEMBLY DISCONNECTION
Disconnect the steering gear from the steering column shaft assembly while sliding shaft A to shaft B with the clip claw as shown in the figure being pinched.

INSTALLATION SERVICE POINT

>>A<< Steering column shaft assembly installation
1. Ensure that the tilt lever is in the lock position.
2. Temporarily tighten the mounting bolts in the order of a, b, and c, and then tighten them in the order of c, b, and a to the specified torque.
   - Tightening torque a: 28 ± 7 N·m (21 ± 5 ft-lb)
   - Tightening torque b,c: 12 ± 3 N·m (9 ± 2 ft-lb)
>>B<< Steering column bolt (connection of steering column shaft assembly and steering gear and linkage) installation
1. While sliding shaft A from shaft B with the clip claw as shown in the figure being pinched, connect the steering column shaft assembly and the steering gear and linkage.
2. Insert the steering column bolt from the no tapped bolt hole, and tighten it to the specified torque.
   
   **Tightening torque :** \( 20 \pm 5 \, \text{N} \cdot \text{m} \) (\( 15 \pm 3 \, \text{ft-lb} \))

**DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY**

Removal steps

1. Steering lock bolt
2. Steering lock bracket
3. Steering lock cylinder assembly
4. Steering column shaft assembly

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DISASSEMBLY SERVICE POINT

<<A>> STEERING LOCK BOLT REMOVAL
1. Use a drill to make a hole just deeply enough for the tap to stand on the steering lock bolt.
2. Use a left-hand thread tap to remove the steering lock bolt.

ASSEMBLY SERVICE POINT

>>A<< STEERING LOCK CYLINDER ASSEMBLY/STEERING LOCK BRACKET/STEERING LOCK BOLT INSTALLATION
1. When installing the steering lock assembly to the steering column shaft assembly, temporarily assemble the steering lock assembly while aligning it with the boss on the column.
2. Make sure that the steering lock operates normally, and then tighten the steering lock bolt until its head is broken off.
# Power Steering Gear Box and Linkage

## Removal and Installation

### CAUTION

- Before removing the steering wheel assembly and driver's air bag module, always refer to GROUP 52B - Service Precautions P.52B-25 and Air bag Module and Clock Spring P.52B-386. Also, position the front wheels in a straight ahead direction. If you fail to do this, clock spring for SRS may get damage, making the SRS (air bag) inoperative, and it may cause a serious injury to the driver.

- *: Indicates the bolts and nuts with friction coefficient stabilizer. In removal, ensure there is no damage, clean dust and soiling from bearing and thread surfaces, and tighten them to the specified torque.

- After installation, perform a calibration for the ASC-ECU to learn the steering wheel sensor neutral point. (Refer to GROUP 35C - On-vehicle Service, Steering Wheel Sensor Calibration P.35C-267).

### Pre-removal Operation

- Power steering fluid draining (Refer to P.37-18).
- Steering wheel and air bag module assembly removal (Refer to P.37-22).
- Steering shaft cover removal (Refer to P.37-26).
- Engine room under cover front (A, B) and engine room side cover removal (Refer to GROUP 51 - Under Cover P.51-16).
- Lower arm removal (Refer to GROUP 33 - Lower Arm P.33-15).
- Center member and front roll stopper assembly removal (Refer to GROUP 32 - Engine Roll Stopper and Center Member P.32-10).

### Post-installation Operation

- Center member and front roll stopper assembly installation (Refer to GROUP 32 - Engine Roll Stopper and Center Member P.32-10).
- Lower arm installation (Refer to GROUP 33 - Lower Arm P.33-15).
- Engine room under cover front (A, B) and engine room side cover installation (Refer to GROUP 51 - Under Cover P.51-16).
- Steering shaft cover removal (Refer to P.37-26).
- Steering wheel and air bag module assembly installation (Refer to P.37-22).
- Using your fingers, press the dust cover of joints to check for a crack or damage.
- Power steering fluid filling (Refer to P.37-18).
- Air bleeding of power steering fluid (Refer to P.37-19).
- Steering wheel at straight-ahead position check.
Removal steps

1. Steering column bolt (steering column shaft assembly and steering gear and linkage connection)
2. Steering column shaft assembly and steering gear and linkage connection
3. Self-lock nut (Tie-rod end and knuckle connection)
4. Eye bolt
5. Pressure hose connection
6. Gasket

Removal steps (Continued)

7. Return hose connection
8. Engine rear roll stopper bracket connecting bolt
9. Front axle crossmember stay
10. Front axle crossmember assembly
11. Engine rear roll stopper
12. Heat protector
13. Joint cover grommet
14. Flange bolt
15. Steering gear and linkage assembly
REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

<<A>> DISCONNECTION OF STEERING COLUMN SHAFT ASSEMBLY AND STEERING GEAR AND LINKAGE

Disconnect the steering gear from the steering column shaft assembly while sliding shaft A to shaft B with the clip claw as shown in the figure being pinched.

<<B>> SELF-LOCK NUT (TIE-ROD END AND KNUCKLE CONNECTION) REMOVAL

CAUTION
- Loosen the self-locking nut (tie-rod end connection) from the ball joint, but do not remove here. Use the special tool.
- To prevent the special tool from dropping off, suspend it with a rope.

1. Install special tool MB991897 or MB992011 as shown in the figure.

2. Turn the bolt and knob to make the special tool jaws parallel, then hand-tighten the bolt. After tightening, check that the jaws are still parallel.

   NOTE: To adjust the special tool jaws to be parallel, set the orientation of the knob as shown in the figure.

3. Unscrew the bolt to disconnect the ball joint.

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<<C>> FRONT SUSPENSION CROSSMEMBER REMOVAL
1. Jack up and support the crossmember, and remove it.
2. Check the hoses and harnesses for roughness, and then remove the front suspension crossmember with the rear roll stopper and the steering gear and linkage installed.

INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

>>A<< JOINT COVER GROMMET INSTALLATION
Install by aligning the marks of joint cover grommet and steering gear and linkage as shown in the figure.

>>B<< Steering column bolt (connection of steering column shaft assembly and steering gear and linkage) installation
1. While sliding shaft A from shaft B with the clip claw as shown in the figure being pinched, connect the steering column shaft assembly and the steering gear and linkage.
2. Insert the steering column bolt from the no tapped bolt hole, and tighten it to the specified torque.
   
   Tightening torque : 20 ± 5 N·m (15 ± 3 ft-lb)
INSPECTION

PINION TOTAL ROTATION TORQUE CHECK

⚠️ CAUTION ⚠️
Secure the steering gear and linkage to the special mounting point. Fixing the steering gear and linkage to another point could deform or damage the gear housing.

1. Using the special tool preload socket (MB991006) to rotate the pinion at a rate of one turn per 4 to 6 seconds, and then measure the pinion total rotation torque.

   **Standard value:**
   - Total rotation torque: 0.6 – 1.6 N·m (2.6 – 7.0 in-lb)
   - Torque fluctuation: 0.4N·m (1.76 in-lb) or less

   **NOTE:**
   - During measurement, remove the bellows from the gear housing.
   - Rotate the pinion by 180° in left and right directions from the neutral position, and measure the pinion total rotation torque.

2. If the measurement value is outside the standard value, replace the gear housing (Refer to P.37-36).

TIE-ROD OSCILLATING TORQUE CHECK

1. Swing the tie-rod ten times strongly.
2. Measure the oscillating resistance (oscillating torque) using a spring scale as shown in the figure with the tie-rod end facing downward.

   **Standard value:**
   - 5 – 18 N·m (22 – 80 in-lb)
   - \( \{1.5 – 4.9 \text{ N·m (13.2 – 43.4 in-lb)} \} \)

3. If the measurement is greater than the standard value, replace the gear housing (Refer to P.37-36).
4. If the measurement value is below the standard value, check the ball joint for looseness or scraping feeling. If the ball joint swings smoothly, it is judged to be usable.
Removal steps

1. Feed pipe
2. Tie-rod end
3. Locking nut
4. Clip

Removal steps (Continued)

5. Band
6. Bellows
7. Gear housing

LUBRICATION AND SEALING POINTS

Sealant: 3M™ AAD Part No. 8663 or equivalent
Grease: Silicone grease
ASSEMBLY SERVICE POINT

>>A<< BAND INSTALLATION

**CAUTION**
- Secure the rack housing, and firmly crimp the bellows band by the bellows band clipping tool (special tool: MB992209).
- Crimp the bellows band securely until the special tool (MB992209) contacts the stopper.

1. Using the special tool (MB992209), crimp the bellows band.

2. Check that the crimping width of the band (A) is within the range of the standard value.
   
   **Standard value (A): 2.4 –2.8 mm (0.09 –0.11 in)**

>>B<< TIE-ROD END/LOCKING NUT INSTALLATION

Screw in the tie-rod to the length shown in the figure, and hand-tighten the locking nut.

**NOTE:** Install the steering gear and linkage to the body, adjust the toe-in, and then tighten the locking nut to the specified torque.
POWER STEERING OIL PUMP ASSEMBLY

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

Pre-removal Operation
- Power steering fluid draining (Refer to P.37-18.)
- Engine upper cover removal (Refer to GROUP 11A − Camshaft P.11A-25.)
- Radiator condenser tank removal (Refer to GROUP 14 − Radiator P.14-31.)

Post-installation Operation
- Radiator condenser tank installation (Refer to GROUP 14 − Radiator P.14-31.)
- Engine upper cover installation (Refer to GROUP 11A − Camshaft P.11A-25.)
- Drive belt tension adjustment (Refer to GROUP 11A − Engine Adjustment, and Drive Belt Tension Check and Adjustment P.11A-8.)
- Power steering fluid refilling and bleeding (Refer to P.37-19.)

Removal steps
1. Generator and others belt (Refer to GROUP 11A − Crankshaft Pulley Removal and Installation P.11A-21).
2. Pressure switch connector connection
3. Eye bolt
INSTALLATION SERVICE POINT

>>A<< SUCTION HOSE INSTALLATION

Install the suction hose with its marking located as shown in the figure.
POWER STEERING HOSES

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

Pre-removal Operation
- Power steering fluid draining (Refer to P.37-18.)
- Front bumper assembly removal (Refer to GROUP 51, Front Bumper Assembly and Radiator Grille P.51-3.)
- Headlight (RH) removal (Refer to GROUP 54A P.54A-184 Headlight.)
- Strut tower bar removal (Refer to GROUP 42A P.42A-15 Strut Tower Bar.)
- Engine upper cover removal (Refer to GROUP 11A – Camshaft P.11A-25.)

Post-installation Operation
- Strut tower bar installation (Refer to GROUP 42A –Strut Tower Bar P.42A-15.)
- Headlight (RH) installation (Refer to GROUP 54A –Headlight P.54A-184.)
- Front bumper assembly installation (Refer to GROUP 51 – Front Bumper Assembly and Radiator Grille P.51-3.)
- Power steering fluid refilling and bleeding (Refer to P.37-19.)
- Engine upper cover installation (Refer to GROUP 11A – Camshaft P.11A-25.)

Removal steps
1. Oil reservoir
2. Suction hose
3. Eye bolt
4. Gasket
5. Eye bolt
6. Gasket
7. Pressure hose
8. Pressure hose bracket

Removal steps (Continued)
9. Return hose
10. Return tube
11. Gasket
12. Return tube
13. Return hose
14. Return hose
15. Return tube
16. Cooler tube assembly

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INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

>>A<< COOLER TUBE ASSEMBLY/RETURN TUBE ASSEMBLY INSTALLATION
Install by aligning the mating marks of cooler tube assembly and return tube assembly.

>>B<< RETURN HOSE INSTALLATION
1. Install the return hose by aligning the mating marks.

2. Install the return hose with its marking located as shown in the figure.
3. Using clips and hose clamps, install the return hose with its marking located as shown in the figure.

>>C<< PRESSURE HOSE INSTALLATION
Install the pressure hose plate with its marking located as shown in the figure.

>>D<< SUCTION HOSE INSTALLATION
1. Install the suction hose with its marking located as shown in the figure.
2. Install the suction hose with its marking located as shown in the figure.